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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/565,033	01/17/2006	Ebo Jacques De Muinck	S142.12-0001	7154
27367 7590 12/04/2008 WESTMAN CHAMPLIN & KELLY, P.A. SUITE 1400			EXAMINER	
			HICKS, ROBERT J	
900 SECOND AVENUE SOUTH MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-3244		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			12/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/565.033 DE MUINCK, EBO JACQUES Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ROBERT J. HICKS 3781 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 November 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on 17 January 2006 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/17/2006.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Application/Control Number: 10/565,033 Page 2

Art Unit: 3781

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

 Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d).

Response to Amendment

 Applicant's request for reconsideration of the preliminary amendment regarding the claims, in the reply filed November 6, 2008, is fully considered and is persuasive.
 The Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment is hereby withdrawn.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on January 17, 2006 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. However, some of the U.S. Patent references listed in the IDS did not include the date of issue or the patentee to which the patent was issued. Therefore, unless the U.S. Patent references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not been considered.

Claim Objections

Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informality: the term "fist" [Claim 8
 Line 4] could be written as "first". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

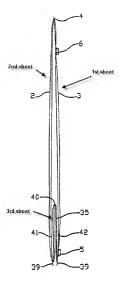
Application/Control Number: 10/565,033 Page 3

Art Unit: 3781

6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. Claims 1-2 and 7-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olson (6,032,818) in view of Aoyama (Great Britain Application No. 2,117,736).
- 8. Regarding Amended Claim 1, the patent to Olson a liner and container combination discloses a container (11) and an empty bag (1) that can be unfolded from a flat state to a filled final state (Figs. 9a and 9f); wherein the container has a walled enclosure, a base, and a peripheral wall to define a container chamber; wherein the bag comprises a first, second, third, and fourth wall; wherein the first sheet is joined to the second sheet via the third and fourth sheet; wherein, the third and fourth sheet are folded along a fold line (Fig. 3); wherein; in the flat state the fold lines of the third and fourth sheet are between the first and second sheet facing one another; and the first sheet has a first opening (5) for emptying the bag, and the first sheet has a second opening (6) for filling the bag; with the dimensions of the filled bag as being the same as the dimensions of the container (Fig. 9f).

Art Unit: 3781



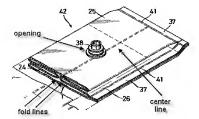
Olson does not expressly disclose a fourth sheet that forms a fourth wall, or fold lines of the third and fourth sheets that extend in the height direction of the container; however, the publication to Aoyama – a bag-in-box container – discloses an inner bag (Aoyama, 42, Fig. 3) which contains four sheets for walls (Aoyama, 23-26), with fold lines (Aoyama, 19-22) that extend up from the bottom to the top of the container. It would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one of ordinary skill, using the teaching, suggestion, and motivation within the prior art, to modify the inner bag in the

Art Unit: 3781

Olson combination container to have a fourth sheet forming a fourth wall for the inner bag and to have fold lines which extend up from the bottom to the top of the container, as suggested by Aoyama, "to thereby expand into a rectangular parallel piped shape to fit into the inside of said outer box when filled with liquid, and being folded flat when empty." (Aoyama, Page 1 Lines 34-35).

- Regarding Amended Claim 2, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 1 above; further, Olson teaches the container chamber is block-shaped (Olson, Fig. 9a).
- 10. Regarding Amended Claim 7, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 1 above; further, Olson teaches the walled enclosure (Olson, 11) has a ceiling that delimits the container chamber (Olson, Fig. 9f) wherein a portion of the bag facing upwards in the filled state contains the second opening (Olson, 6).
- 11. Regarding Claims 8-9; Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 1 above; further, Aoyama teaches the fold lines of the third and fourth sheets in the initial state extend underneath the first opening to form a channel between the first and second sheet past the first opening (Aoyama, Fig. 6).

Art Unit: 3781



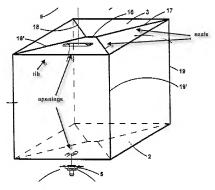
- 12. Regarding Amended Claim 10, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 8 above; further, Aoyama teaches the first opening (Aoyama, 38) is close to the longitudinal center line of the first sheet; wherein the fold lines in the third and fourth sheet (Aoyama, 39-40) extend parallel to and close to the center line (Aoyama, Fig. 6).
- 13. Regarding Amended Claim 11, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 8 above; further, Aoyama teaches the distance between the fold line in the third and fourth sheet in the initial state is less than 80% of the diameter of the opening (Aoyama, Fig. 6).
- 14. Regarding Amended Claim 12-13, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 8 above; further, Aoyama teaches the greatest distance to the periphery of the opening of the first opening is at least 5% of the maximum passage width of said opening, viewed transversely to the fold line of the third and fourth sheets (Aoyama, Fig. 6).

Art Unit: 3781

- 15. Regarding Amended Claim 14, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 1 above; further, Olson teaches a method for the use of a combination according claim 1 wherein the flat empty bag (Olson, 1) is first fixed by the first and second fixing (Olson, 26, 31) against the walled enclosure of the container chamber and only then is the bag filled with a filling via the second opening (Olson, 6, Col. 5 Lines 40-43).
- 16. Regarding Amended Claim 15, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claims 1 and 14 above, respectfully; further, Olson teaches a method wherein the bag is emptied via the first opening (Olson, 5, Col. 5 Lines 58-60).
- Claims 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
 Olson in view of Aoyama as applied to amended claim 2 above, and further in view of Vallot (5,988,422).
- 18. Regarding Amended Claim 3, Olson in view of Aoyama discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 2 above. Although Aoyama teaches the first and second sheets have mutually parallel edges (Aoyama, Fig. 6) and that the sheets are connected along the tops and bottoms, the Olson and Aoyama combination does not expressly disclose the remaining claimed features of claim 3. However, the patent to Vallot a container with openings discloses a container (Vallot, 1) with four side walls that are connected along the tops along an oblique seal (Vallot, 17, 18) to determine the diagonals of the bottom and top surface of the bag (Vallot, Fig. 1). It would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one

Art Unit: 3781

of ordinary skill, using the teaching, suggestion, and motivation within the prior art, to modify the top and bottom of the inner bag in the Olson and Aoyama combination container to have connections along the top and bottom with oblique seals to locate the diagonals of the bag, as suggested by Vallot, as "flat fabrication produces welds and sachets of great strength, even during transportation over long distances." (Vallot, Col. 6 Lines 65-67).



- 19. Regarding Amended Claim 4, Olson in view of Aoyama in view of Vallot discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 3 above; further, Vallot teaches top and bottom ribs/axes run between the outward pointing ends of the top and bottom oblique seals of the first sheet (Vallot, Fig. 1).
- Regarding Amended Claim 5-6, Olson in view of Aoyama in view of Vallot discloses all the limitations substantially as claimed, as applied to amended claim 3

Art Unit: 3781

above; further, Vallot teaches the distances from the first and second openings to the respective bottom and top ribs/axes are at most 25% of the depth of the container chamber, wherein said distance at most 15% of said depth (Vallot, Fig. 1).

Conclusion

21. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: see PTO-892 Notice of References Cited for prior art considered relevant to this application.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ROBERT J. HICKS whose telephone number is (571)270-1893. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM, EST. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Stashick can be reached on (571) 272-4561. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3781

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Robert J Hicks/ Robert J. Hicks Examiner, Art Unit 3781 /Anthony D Stashick/ Anthony D Stashick Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3781